### Uplands Manor Primary School - Science Unit Organiser

Science Topic: Light Year 3

What? (Key Vocabulary)	
Spelling	Definition/Sentence
Opaque	An object you are not able to see through
Warning	Something that is said or written to tell people of danger
Source	A thing from which something starts
Electric	A form of energy that provides power to devices
Reflection	When light bounces off a surface

#### **Diagrams and Symbols**

We see things when light from a source enters our eyes.



Above: Light travels directly from the light source (candle flame) to the eye.



Here the light goes form the light source, bounces off the object and into your eyes, so that you see the object.

## **Recommended Experiments**

A minimum of two experiments should take place during this unit of work with one final written outcome linked to the scientific enquiry skills and approaches used.



Finding patterns in the way that the size of shadows can change



Experiment to find out how the length of shadows can change with the seasons (caused by the earth's tilt)



Recognising that light is needed in order to see things and notice that light is reflected from surfaces

# What? (Key Knowledge) **Light Sources** We need light in order to see things. When there is no light we say it is dark. A light source is something that makes its own light What is a light source? The Sun The stars Flames Common sources of light Electric lights Some animals (fireflies and glow worms make their own light) The Moon A mirror Things you may think are light sources but aren't. Shiny objects These basically reflect light from a light source but aren't light sources themselves. Light bounces off some materials better than others Reflection Shiny objects reflect light well

The Sun

**WARNING** 

IT IS NOT SAFE TO EVER LOOK DIRECTLY AT THE SUN, EVEN WHEN WEARING SUN GLASSES.

#### More about light

Things you need to know

about light

- Light travels in straight lines
- Light travels very, very fast 186,282 miles per second (that's like travelling around the world over 7 times in a second)
- If something gets in the way of light, a shadow is formed

#### Shadows

How is a shadow formed?

When light from a source is blocked by an opaque object, you get a shadow





How does the size of the shadow change?

If an object is moved **closer** to the light sources, the **shadow gets bigger** 

 If an object is moved further away from the light source, the shadow gets smaller







LARGE SHADOW when the toy is close to the light

SHADOW when the toy is further from the light when the toy is a long way from the light

**Builds on:** learning in Year 2 - Spring - Unit: Uses of Everyday Materials

Learning links

Leads to: learning in Year 4 - Spring -

Unit: States of Matter